

HOW TO MAKE A BRACELET



Starter Beading Kit:

Agate and
Haematite Beginners
Jewellery Kit
AMGC73

1 Cut 25cm (10 inches) of beading thread using your cutters. Feed on 1 x Gold Haematite round, 1 spacer bead/fancy jump ring, 1 x Gold Haematite round, 1 spacer bead/fancy jump ring, 1 x Gold Haematite round to make the centre or focal point of your bracelet.

Then on either side of the focal point add 1 x large Black Agate round, 1 x small Black Agate Round, 1 x large Black

Agate round and 3 x Gold Haematite rounds. Repeat this pattern until your bracelet reaches the required length for your wrist.

2 Choose a toggle clasp (Metal Hoop and T-Bar found in the findings pack) and using the flat nose and round nose pliers from the tool kit, twist open the central jump ring to release the hoop shaped half. Close the jumping again leaving it attached to the T-bar half of the clasp. Add another jumping to the small loop at the base of the hoop shaped half of the clasp.

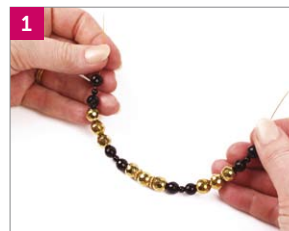
3 Working on one side of your bracelet feed a crimp bead (small metal

tube found in the findings pack) onto the beading thread, then feed the thread through the jumping on one side of your clasp. Bend the thread over and pass it back through the crimp bead.

4 Using your flat nose pliers flatten the crimp to secure your clasp and trim the excess wire as close as possible to the crimp. Repeat step 3 on the other side of your bracelet using the remaining half of your clasp and pull the thread tight so that the beads and the clasp are as close as possible before flattening the crimp bead and trimming off the excess beading thread.

you will need

- Tool kit
- Threading pack
- Findings pack
- 3 strands of gemstones



HOW TO MAKE EARRINGS

Starter Beading Kit:

Agate and
Haematite Beginners
Jewellery Kit
AMGC73

you will need

- Tool kit
- Threading pack
- Findings pack
- 3 strands of gemstones



1 Using a headpin (metal pin with a ball at the end found in the findings pack) feed on 1 x Gold Haematite round, 1 x spacer bead/fancy jump ring, and 1 x large Black Agate round. Bend the head pin to one side and trim to 1cm in length using

your cutters from your tool kit.

2 Using your round nose pliers, clamp hold of the tip of the cut headpin and twist your wrist towards you to form a loop.



3 Use your flat nose pliers to open the loop on the base of the earring finding. Hook on your beaded design and close the loop, again using your flat nose pliers.

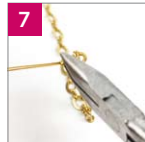
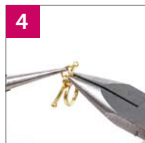
HOW TO MAKE A NECKLACE

Starter Beading Kit:

Agate and
Haematite Beginners
Jewellery Kit
AMGC73

you will need

- Tool kit
- Threading pack
- Findings pack
- 3 strands of gemstones



1 Cut 50cm (20inches) of beading thread using your cutters. Feed on 1 x large black Agate round, 1 x spacer bead/fancy jump ring, 1 x large black Agate round, 1 spacer bead/fancy jump ring and finally 1 x large black Agate round to make the centre or 'focal point' of your necklace.

2 On each side of the focal point feed the following pattern of beads: 1 x Gold Haematite round, 1 x small Black Agate round, 1 x Gold Haematite round and 3 x large Black Agate rounds. Repeat this pattern until you reach the required length of your necklace.

3 Measure the final length of your necklace and using your cutters cut a length of chain 4cm (1 1/2 inches) shorter than it.

4 Choose a toggle clasp from your findings pack (Metal Hoop and T-Bar found in the findings pack) and using the flat nose and round nose pliers from the tool kit, twist open the central jump ring to release the hoop shaped half. Leave the open jumpring attached to the T-bar half of the clasp. Add another open jumpring to the small loop at the base of the hoop shaped half of the clasp.

5 Pick up one end of the chain and hook the end link onto the

open jumpring on the T-bar part of the clasp, then using both the flat nose and round nose pliers close the jump ring again. Attach the other end of the chain to the open jumpring on the hoop half of the clasp then close the jumpring

6 Working on one side of your necklace feed a crimp bead (small metal tube found in the findings pack) onto the beading thread, then feed the thread through the jumpring on one side of your clasp. Bend the thread over and pass it back through the crimp bead then pull the thread tight so the beads and the clasp are as close as possible.

7 Use your flat nose pliers to flatten the crimp and secure your clasp. Using the cutters, trim the excess beading thread as close to the crimp as possible. Repeat step 6 on the other side of your beading thread to attach the second half of the clasp to the necklace.